## Answers to Spring 2003 Final exam.

 $\mathbf{Q}\#:\mathbf{1}$  Answer D.

**Q#:2** Answer C.

**Q#:3** Answer C.

**Q#:4** Answer B.

Q#:5 Answer B.

 $\mathbf{Q}$ #:6 Answer A.

Q#:7 Answer A.

**Q#:8** Answer C.

**Q#:9** 

**A** Solution exists on  $(0, \infty)$ .

**B** The solution is  $y(t) = c_1 t + c_2 \frac{1}{t}$ .

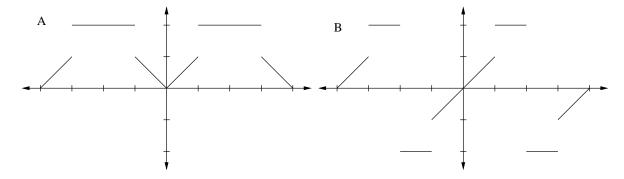
Q#:10

**A** The linearized matrix is  $\begin{bmatrix} y-3 & x \\ 2y & 2x+2 \end{bmatrix}$ .

**B** The critical points are P = (0,0) and Q = (-1,3).

 ${\bf C}$  Point P is a saddle point, which is unstable. Point Q is a centre, which is stable.

Q#:11



C Part (a) has a cosine series and part (b) has a sine series.

**D**  $\tilde{f}(-2) = 0$ ,  $\tilde{f}(\frac{1}{2}) = \frac{1}{2}$  and  $\tilde{f}(3) = -\frac{3}{2}$ .

**Q#:12** Denoting u(x, y) = F(x)G(y),

**A**  $G''(y) + 2G'(y) - \lambda y^2 G(y) = 0$  and  $F''(x) - \lambda F(x) = 0$  are the two ordinary differential equations.

**B** The boundary conditions become F(0) = F(L) = 0.

Q#:13

$$\lambda_n = \frac{(2n-1)^2}{4}$$
  $f_n(t) = \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)t}{2}\right)$   $n \in \mathbb{N}$ 

Q#:14

**A** 
$$u_t = 2u_{xx}$$
  $u_x(0,t) = u_x(10,t) = 0$   $u(x,t) = 3 + \exp(\frac{-2\pi^2 t}{25})\cos(\frac{\pi x}{5}).$ 

$$u(x,0) = 3t\cos(\frac{\pi x}{5}) - 5\cos(\frac{\pi}{2}).$$

C The steady state emperature is 3.

Q#:15

**A** The general solution is  $X(t) = c_1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} e^{-t} + c_2 \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} t e^{-t} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} e^{-t} \right)$ . **B** The specific solution is  $X(t) = -\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} e^{-t} + 3 \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} t e^{-t} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} e^{-t} \right)$ .