

MATH 114 – 6 JUNE 2008 – EXAM 3

Answer each of the following questions. Show all work, as partial credit may be given.

1. (10 pts. each) Consider the cardioid given by the function $r = 2(1 + \cos(\theta))$.
 - (a) Set up but DO NOT EVALUATE an integral giving the area enclosed by the above curve.
 - (b) Set up but DO NOT EVALUATE an integral giving the length of the above curve.
 - (c) Find the slope of the tangent line to the above curve when $\theta = \pi/4$.
2. (10 pts. each) Apply an appropriate comparison test (that is, Direct Comparison or Limit Comparison) to determine if each of the following integrals converge or diverge. Be sure to show all work.

(a) $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^4 + 1}}$

(b) $\int_3^\infty \frac{2u^2}{3u^3 + 1} du$

3. (10 pts. each) Find the value of each of the following convergent improper integrals.

(a) $\int_1^\infty \frac{\ln(x)}{x^3} dx$ (Hint: Integrate by parts.)

(b) $\int_0^2 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{2-x}}$

4. (10 pts. each) Use an appropriate trigonometric substitution to evaluate each of the following integrals.

(a) $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{(x^2 + 1)^2}$

(b) $\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx$

5. (5 pts. each) Use the integral table to evaluate the following integrals.

(a) $\int \frac{x}{(2x+1)^{3/2}} dx$

(b) $\int x^2(1+9x^2)^{-1/2} dx$

$\sin^2(x) = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cos(2x), \quad \cos^2(x) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2x), \quad \sin^2(x) + \cos^2(x) = 1, \quad \tan^2(x) = \sec^2(x) - 1$
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$$1. \int x(ax+b)^n dx = \frac{(ax+b)^{n+1}}{a^2} \left[\frac{ax+b}{n+2} - \frac{b}{n+1} \right] + C, n \neq -1, -2.$$

$$2. \int \sqrt{a^2+x^2} dx = \frac{x}{2} \sqrt{a^2+x^2} + \frac{a^2}{2} \ln(x + \sqrt{a^2+x^2}) + C$$

$$3. \int \frac{dx}{(a^2-x^2)^2} dx = \frac{x}{2a^2(a^2-x^2)} + \frac{1}{4a^3} \ln \left| \frac{x+a}{x-a} \right| + C$$

$$4. \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2+x^2}}{x} dx = \sqrt{a^2-x^2} - a \ln \left| \frac{a + \sqrt{a^2+x^2}}{x} \right| + C$$

$$5. \int \frac{\sqrt{a^2+x^2}}{x^2} dx = \ln(x + \sqrt{a^2+x^2}) - \frac{\sqrt{a^2+x^2}}{x} + C$$

$$6. \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a^2+x^2}} dx = -\frac{a^2}{2} \ln(x + \sqrt{a^2+x^2}) - \frac{x\sqrt{a^2+x^2}}{2} + C$$