## MATH 114 - 30 MAY 2008 - EXAM 2

Answer each of the following questions. Show all work, as partial credit may be given.

- 1. (10 pts.) Set up but DO NOT EVALUATE an integral giving the area of the surface generated by revolving the curve  $y = \sqrt{x}$ ,  $3/4 \le x \le 4$  about the x-axis.
- 2. (10 pts.) Suppose that a population of bacteria grows exponentially. Suppose that at the end of 3 hours there are 5,000 bacteria and at the end of 5 hours there are 15,000. What will be population be after 9 hours? Be sure to show all work.
- 3. (10 pts. each) Evaluate the following integrals using substitution.

(a) 
$$\int x \sqrt{x^2 - 1} \, dx$$

(b) 
$$\int_0^{\pi/4} \sec^2(x) \tan^2(x) dx$$

4. (10 pts. each) Use integration by parts to compute each of the following integrals.

(a) 
$$\int_0^{\pi} x \sin(x) dx$$

(b) 
$$\int x^3 \ln(x) dx$$

- 5. (10 pts. each)
  - (a) Expand the quotient  $\frac{2x-3}{x(x+1)^2}$  by partial fractions.
  - (b) Compute the integral  $\int_1^2 \frac{2x-3}{x(x+1)^2} dx$ .
- $6.~(10~\mathrm{pts.~each})$  Compute each of the following trigonometric integrals.

(a) 
$$\int \sin^3(x) \, \cos^2(x) \, dx$$

(b) 
$$\int_0^\pi \tan^2(x) \, dx$$

$$\sin^2(x) = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\cos(2x), \ \cos^2(x) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\cos(2x), \ \sin^2(x) + \cos^2(x) = 1, \ \tan^2(x) = \sec^2(x) - 1$$