

Clearly show the calculations to solve the following. Except for the first problem, it is not necessary to actually calculate the answer. Follow the Honor Code.

- (2) 1. How many ways can you choose 99 people from a group of 100?

$$C(100, 99) = C(100, 1) = \boxed{100}$$

- (3) 2. From a group of 500 people, 350 play tennis, 250 play hockey, 200 play both. How many a) play tennis, but not hockey; b) play neither.

c) If you choose somebody at random, what is the probability that he plays at least one of the sports?

$$n(U) = 500$$

$$n(T) = 350$$

$$n(H) = 250$$

$$n(T \cap H) = 200$$

$$\begin{aligned} a) n(T \cap H') &= n(T) - n(T \cap H) \\ &= 350 - 200 = \boxed{150} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} b) n(T \cup H) &= n(T) + n(H) - n(T \cap H) \\ &= 350 + 250 - 200 = 400 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{So } n(T' \cap H') = 500 - 400 = \boxed{100}$$

$$c) P(T \cup H) = n(T \cup H) / n(U) = \frac{400}{500} = \boxed{\frac{4}{5}}$$

- (2) 3. If you have 6 sandwiches, 3 soups, and 4 salads to choose from, in how many ways can you choose a sandwich and either a soup or a salad?

Choose soup or salad in $4 + 3 = 7$ ways

So have $\boxed{6 \cdot 7}$ choices

- (2) 4. How many 12 letter words have 4 R's, 3 S's, and 5 T's?

Choose where to place 4 R's in $C(12, 4)$ ways
" " " " 3 S's in $C(8, 3)$ "

Place 5 T's in remaining places

$$\text{So } C(12, 4) \cdot C(8, 3) = \boxed{\frac{12 \cdot 11 \cdot 10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6}{4! \cdot 3!}}$$

- (4) 5. How many 6 letter words can be made from w, x, y, z, if there is:
 a) exactly 1 z; b) at most 1 z; c) at least 1 z?

a) choose where to put z in 6 ways. Fill other 5 places in 3^5 ways
 so $6 \cdot 3^5$

b) If no z's, have 3^6 ways. So $3^6 + 6 \cdot 3^5$

c) 4^6 ways altogether. So $4^6 - 3^6$

- (3) 6. A salad bar offers 8 ingredients (including lettuce) and 4 dressings. How many different salads that contain at least lettuce and at most 1 dressing are possible?

choose other ingredients in 2^7 ways
 choose dressing in $1 + 4 = 5$ ways

so $2^7 \cdot 5$

- (3) 7. In how many ways can 4 men and 4 women be seated:

a) in a row; b) in a row with nobody next to someone of the same sex?

c) What is the probability that nobody is seated next to someone of the same sex?

a) $P(8, 8) = 8!$ since we are permuting 8 people

b) $8 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 \cdot 1$ since 8 choices for first, 4 for second, etc

c) $\frac{8 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 2}{8!} = \frac{P(E)}{P(S)}$

- (3) 8. For the sets shown in this diagram, how many are:

a) in R and in T, but not in M; b) in exactly 1 of R, T, M;

c) at most 1 of R, T, M?

a) 5

b) $25 + 20 + 0$

c) $25 + 20 + 0 + 10$

