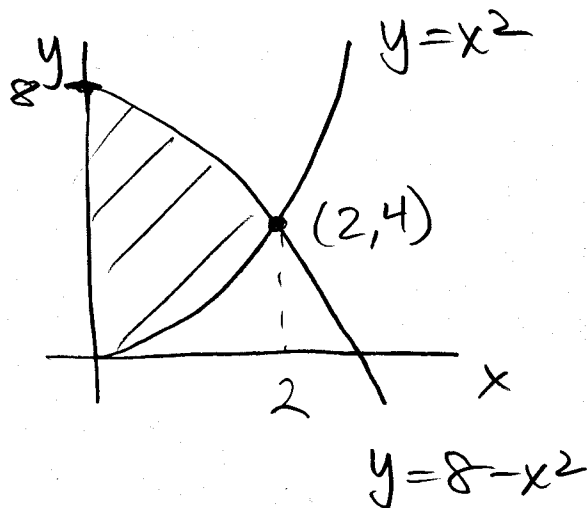


MATH 213 - QUIZ 10 - 10 APRIL 2012

Answer the following question in the space provided. There is no need to justify your answers. This quiz is worth 5 points.

Evaluate $\iint_R (x+y) dA$ where R is the region in the first quadrant bounded by $y = x^2$, and $y = 8 - x^2$. (Hint: Sketch the region first.)



$$\iint_R (x+y) dA$$

$$= \int_0^2 \int_{x^2}^{8-x^2} (x+y) dy dx$$

$$= \int_0^2 \left. xy + \frac{1}{2}y^2 \right|_{x^2}^{8-x^2} dx$$

$$= \int_0^2 \left(x(8-x^2) + \frac{1}{2}(8-x^2)^2 - x^3 - \frac{1}{2}x^4 \right) dx$$

$64 - 16x^2 + x^4$

$$= \int_0^2 (8x - x^3 + 32 - 8x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x^4 - x^3 - \frac{1}{2}x^4) dx$$

$$= \int_0^2 (-2x^3 - 8x^2 + 8x + 32) dx$$

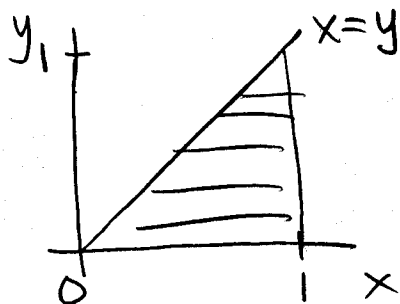
$$= \left. -\frac{1}{2}x^4 - \frac{8}{3}x^3 + 4x^2 + 32x \right|_0^2$$

$$= -8 - \frac{64}{3} + 16 + 64 = 72 - \frac{64}{3} = \frac{152}{3} //$$

MATH 213 - QUIZ 10 - 10 APRIL 2012

Answer the following question in the space provided. There is no need to justify your answers. This quiz is worth 5 points.

Reverse the order of integration in this integral and evaluate: $\int_0^1 \int_y^1 e^{x^2} dx dy$. (Hint: Sketch the region first.)



$$\int_0^1 \int_y^1 e^{x^2} dx dy$$

$$= \int_0^1 \int_0^x e^{x^2} dy dx$$

$$= \int_0^1 y e^{x^2} \Big|_0^x dx$$

$$= \int_0^1 x e^{x^2} dx$$

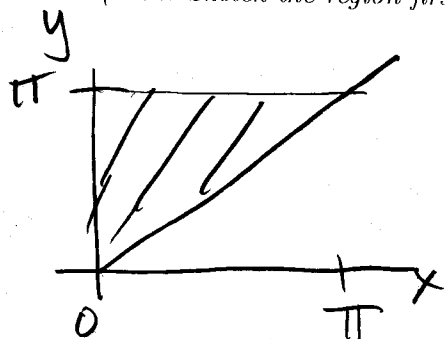
$$\begin{aligned} u &= x^2 \\ du &= 2x dx \\ x=0 &\rightarrow u=0 \\ x=1 &\rightarrow u=1 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \int_0^1 \frac{1}{2} e^u du = \frac{1}{2} e^u \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{2} (e-1) //$$

MATH 213 - QUIZ 10 - 10 APRIL 2012

Answer the following question in the space provided. There is no need to justify your answers. This quiz is worth 5 points.

Reverse the order of integration in the following integral and evaluate: $\int_0^\pi \int_x^\pi \sin(y^2) dy dx$.
(Hint: Sketch the region first.)



$$y=x$$

$$\int_0^\pi \int_x^\pi \sin(y^2) dy dx$$

$$= \int_0^\pi \int_0^y \sin(y^2) dx dy$$

$$= \int_0^\pi x \sin(y^2) \Big|_0^y dy = \int_0^\pi y \sin(y^2) dy$$

$$u=y^2$$

$$du=2y$$

$$y=0 \rightarrow u=0$$

$$y=\pi \rightarrow u=\pi^2$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi^2} \frac{1}{2} \sin(u) du = -\frac{1}{2} \cos(u) \Big|_0^{\pi^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (1 - \cos(\pi^2)) //$$