

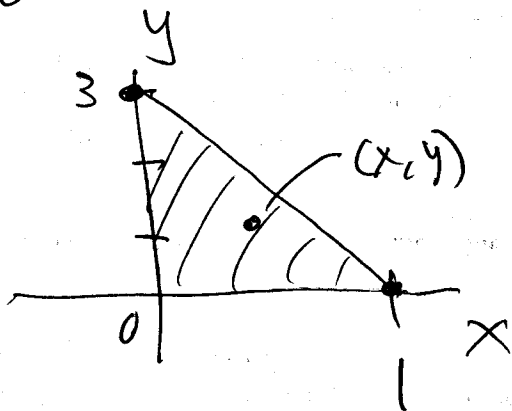
Triple Integrals

$$\iiint_D f(x, y, z) dV$$

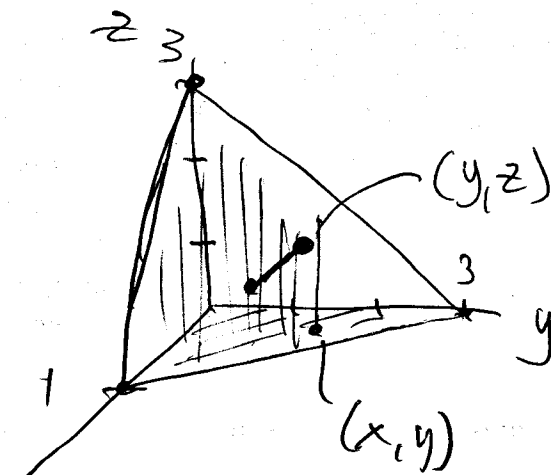
D

eg.
$$\int_0^1 \int_0^{3-3x} \left(\int_0^{3-3x-y} 1 dz \right) dy dx$$

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^{3-3x} \left(\frac{1}{3} \right) dy dx$$



$$y = 3 - 3x$$



$$z = 3 - 3x - y$$

$$z = 3x + y + z = 3 \text{ (plane)}$$

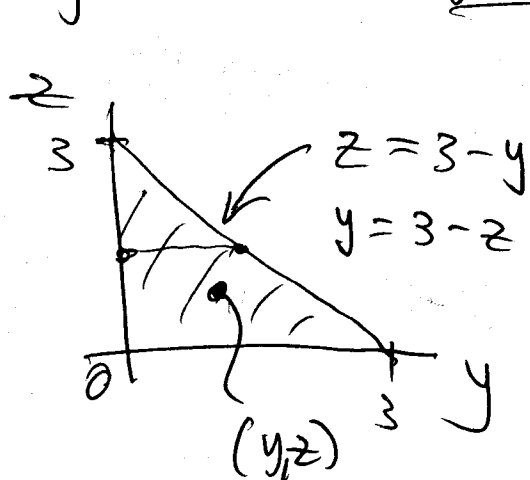
~~y-z~~ trace: $x = 0$

$$y + z = 3 \quad z = 3 - y$$

x-z trace: $y = 0$

$$3x + z = 3 \quad z = 3 - 3x$$

Suppose we want to change order of integration. Say: we want $dx dy dz$.
Project onto $y-z$ plane:



$$\int_0^3 \int_0^{3-z} \int_0^{\frac{3-y-z}{3}} dx dy dz$$

$$3x + y + z = 3$$

$$3x = 3 - y - z$$

$$x = \frac{3 - y - z}{3}$$

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^{3-3x} \left(\int_0^{3-3x-y} 1 dz \right) dy dx$$

$$= \int_0^1 \int_0^{3-3x} \left(z \Big|_0^{3-3x-y} \right) dy dx$$

$$= \int_0^1 \left(\int_0^{3-3x} 3-3x-y dy \right) dx$$

$$= \int_0^1 \left(3y - 3xy - \frac{1}{2}y^2 \Big|_0^{3-3x} \right) dx$$

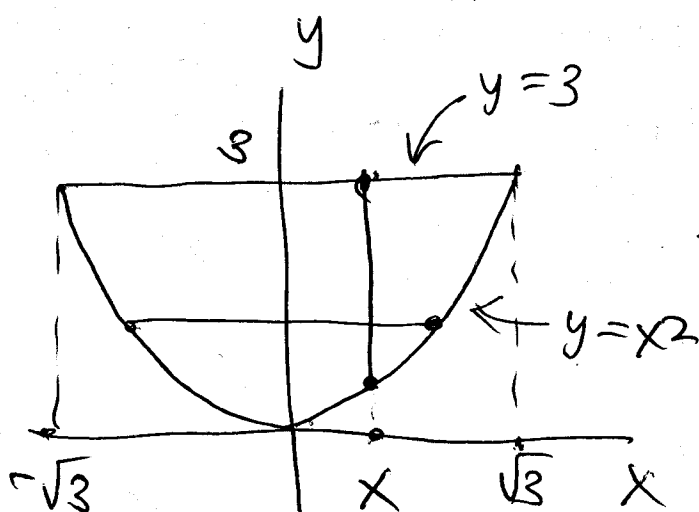
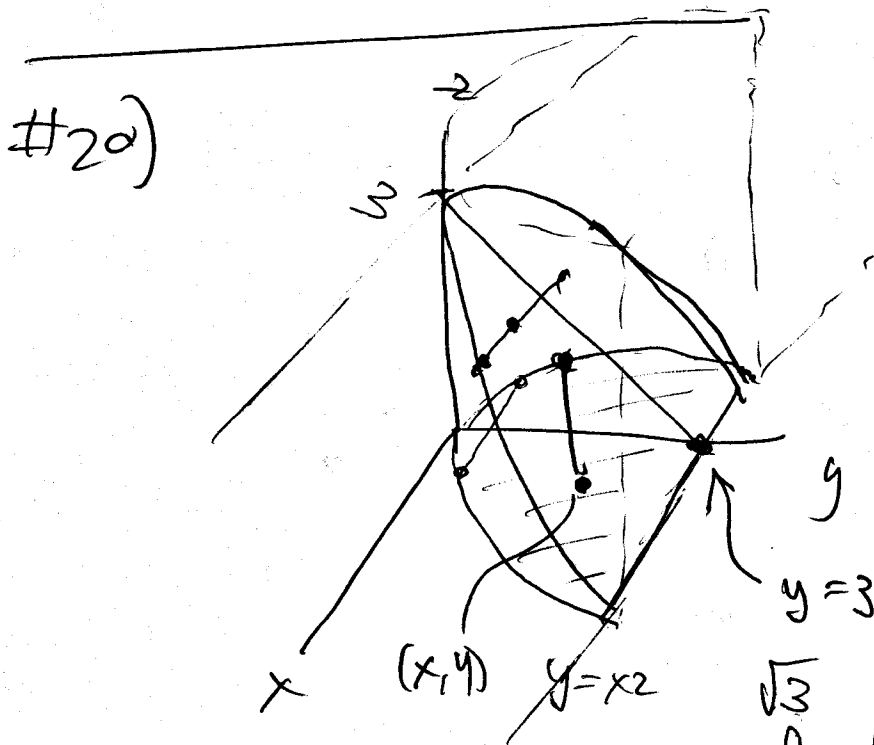
$$= \int_0^1 \left(3(3-3x) - 3x(3-3x) - \frac{1}{2}(3-3x)^2 \right) dx$$

$9 - 18x + 9x^2$

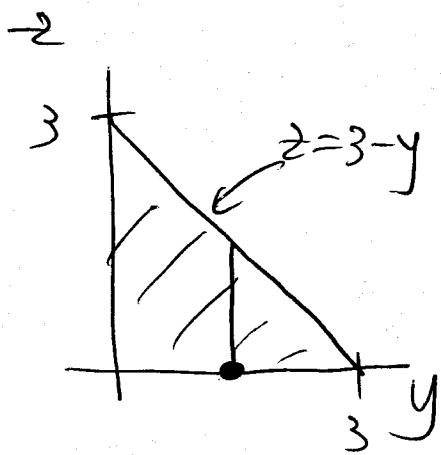
$$= \int_0^1 \cancel{9} - \cancel{9x} - \cancel{9x} + 9x^2 - \cancel{\frac{9}{2}} + \cancel{9x} - \cancel{\frac{9}{2}}x^2 dx$$

$$= \int_0^1 \frac{9}{2} - 9x + \frac{9}{2}x^2 dx$$

$$= \left. \frac{9}{2}x - \frac{9}{2}x^2 + \frac{3}{2}x^3 \right|_0^1 = \frac{9}{2} - \frac{9}{2} + \frac{3}{2} - 0 = \frac{3}{2}$$



$$\int_{-\sqrt{3}}^{\sqrt{3}} \int_{x^2}^3 \int_0^{3-y} 1 dz dy dx$$

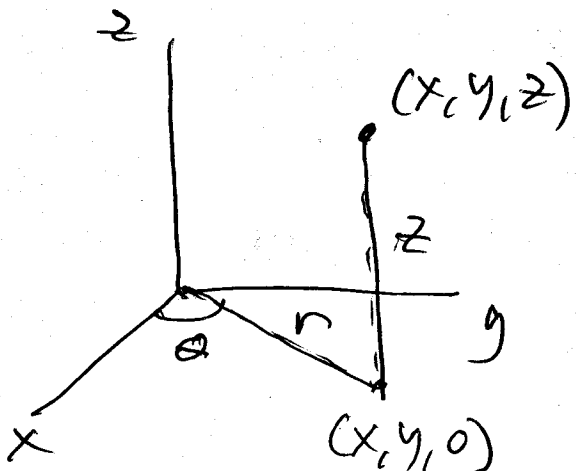


$$\int_0^3 \int_0^{3-y} \int_{-\sqrt{y}}^{\sqrt{y}} 1 \, dx \, dz \, dy$$

13.5 Cylindrical/Spherical coords.

A. Cylindrical

New variables: (r, θ, z)

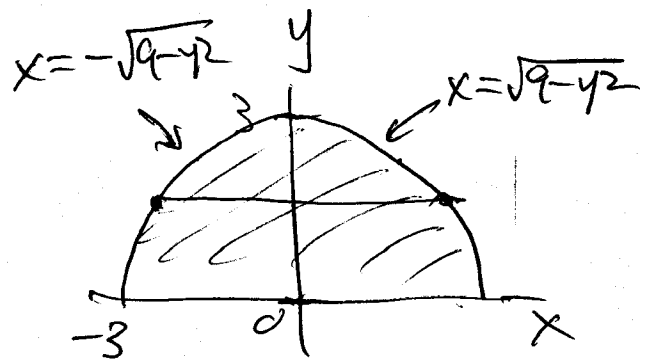


$$\begin{aligned} x &= r \cos \theta \\ y &= r \sin \theta \\ z &= z \end{aligned}$$

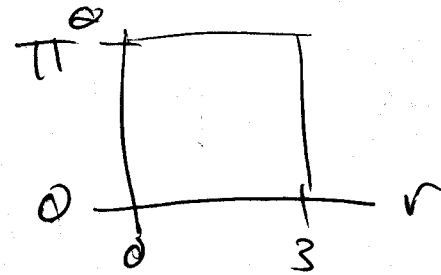
eg "#16)" $\int_0^3 \int_{-\sqrt{9-y^2}}^{\sqrt{9-y^2}} \left(\int_0^{9-3\sqrt{x^2+y^2}} (x^2+y^2)^{3/2} dz \right) dx dy.$

$$\int_0^3 \int_{-\sqrt{9-y^2}}^{\sqrt{9-y^2}} dx dy$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= -\sqrt{9-y^2} \\ x^2 &= 9-y^2 \\ x^2+y^2 &= 9 \end{aligned}$$



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Polar rectangle: 

$$\int_0^{\pi} \int_0^3 (\quad) r dr d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi} \int_0^3 \int_0^{9-3r} r^3 dz r dr d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi} \int_0^3 \left(\int_0^{9-3r} r^4 dz \right) dr d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi} \int_0^3 z r^4 \Big|_0^{9-3r} dr d\theta$$

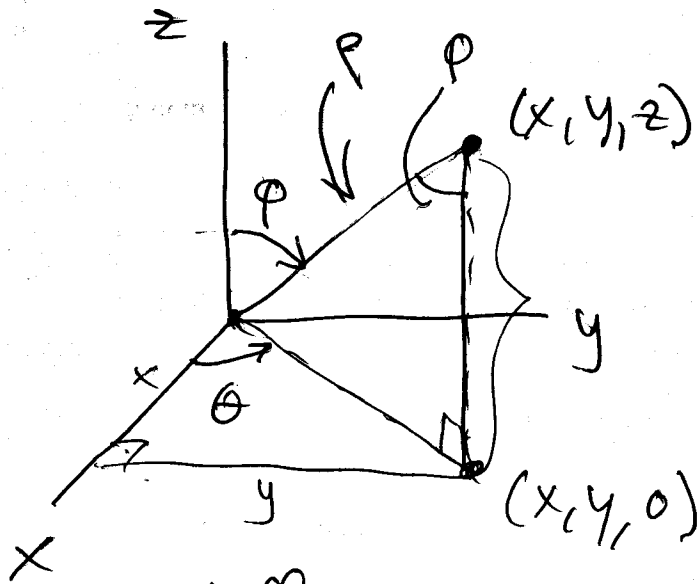
$$= \int_0^{\pi} \int_0^3 (9-3r) r^4 dr d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi} \left(\int_0^3 9r^4 - 3r^5 dr \right) d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi} \left. \frac{9}{5} r^5 - \frac{1}{2} r^6 \right|_0^3 d\theta$$

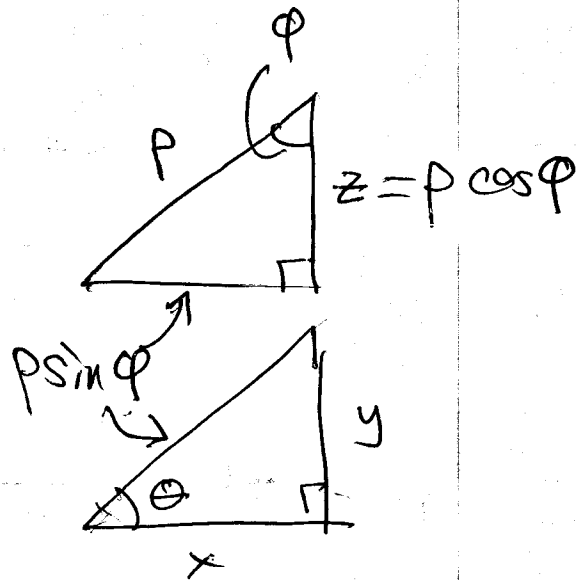
$$= \int_0^{\pi} \left(\frac{9}{5} (243) - \frac{729}{2} \right) d\theta = \pi \left(\frac{9(243)}{5} - \frac{729}{2} \right) \approx \underline{72.9\pi}$$

B. Spherical.



$$\begin{aligned}
 x &= \rho \sin \phi \cos \theta \\
 y &= \rho \sin \phi \sin \theta \\
 z &= \rho \cos \phi
 \end{aligned}$$

(ρ, ϕ, θ)



$$\iiint_D f(x, y, z) \, dV = \int \int \int f(\rho \sin \phi \cos \theta, \rho \sin \phi \sin \theta, \rho \cos \phi)$$

