

Quiz today only cover 3.3.

Exam 2 will cover 2.5-3.3. (will update web page)

↑ Monday 3/28

3.3 41) 2.5 21)
25)
18)

18) $f(x) = x^5 - 5x^4 + 93$

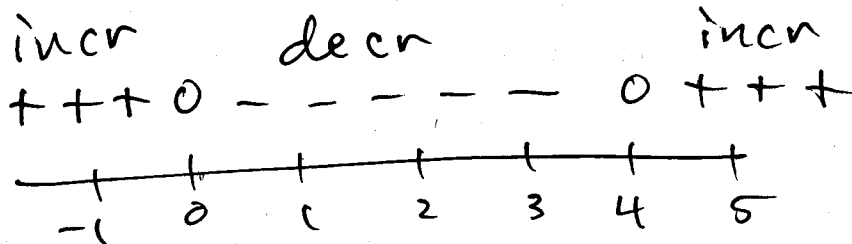
1. DOMAIN
2. ASYMPTOTES
3. INCREASING/DECREASING (USE f')
4. CONCAVITY (USE f'')

$f'(x) = 5x^4 - 20x^3$

$5x^4 - 20x^3 = 0$

$5x^3(x-4) = 0$

$x=0 \quad x=4$



$f'(-1) = (-5)(-5) > 0$

$f'(1) = (5)(-3) < 0$

$f'(5) = (5 \cdot 5^3)(1) > 0$

Critical points: $(0, 93)$ $(4, -163)$

$f(4) = (024 - 1280 + 93) = -163$

$$25) f(x) = x - \frac{1}{x} = \frac{x^2 - 1}{x}$$

1. f not defined at $x=0$.

2. vertical asymptote at $x=0$. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (x - \frac{1}{x}) = \infty$
no horiz. asymp.

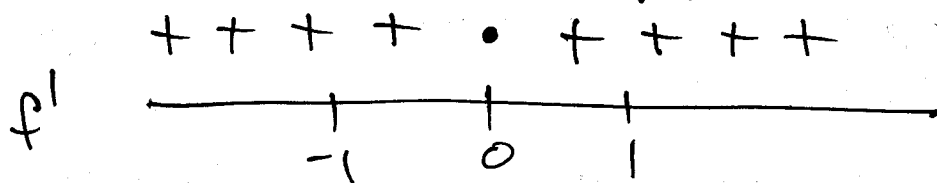
3. $f'(x) = 1 + \frac{1}{x^2}$ $\frac{d}{dx} (x - \frac{1}{x}) = \frac{d}{dx} (x - x^{-1})$
 $= 1 - (-x^{-2}) = 1 + x^{-2}$

$x=0$: f' undefined

$$1 + \frac{1}{x^2} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{x^2} = -1 \rightarrow x^2 = -1$$

no solution. incr

incr.



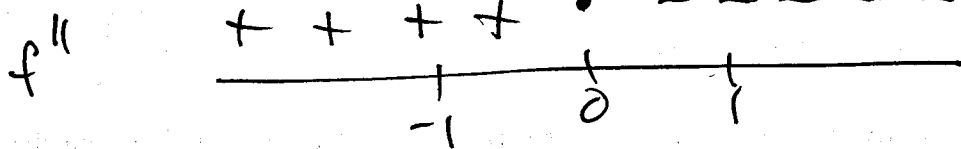
4. $f''(x) = \frac{-2}{x^3}$

$$f'(x) = 1 + x^{-2}$$

$$f''(x) = -2x^{-3}$$

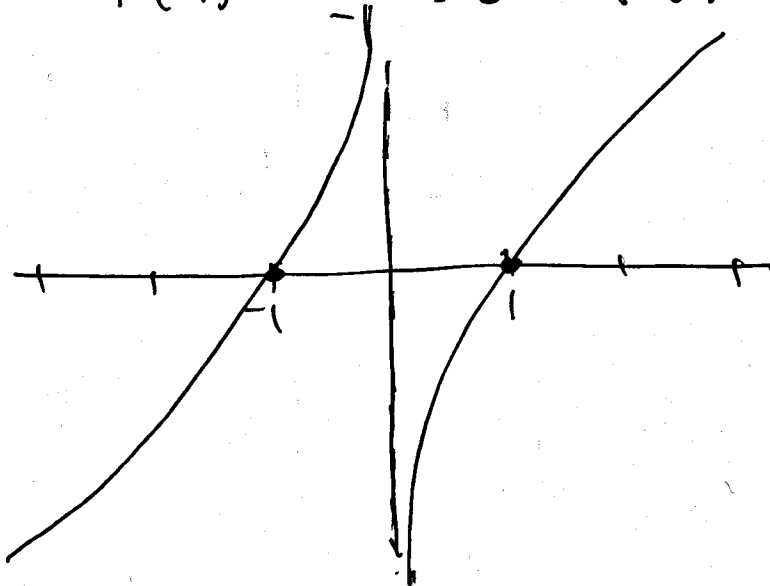
$x=0$: f'' undef.
conc up

conc down



$$f''(-1) = \frac{-2}{-1} > 0$$

$$f''(1) = \frac{-2}{1} < 0$$



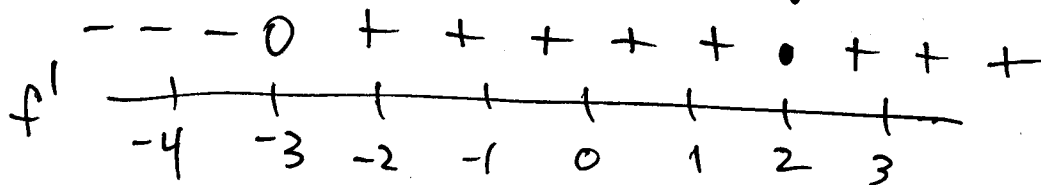
x-intercepts

$$\frac{x^2 - 1}{x} = 0$$

$$x^2 - 1 = 0$$

$$x = 1, x = -1$$

3:3 4) $f'(x) = \frac{x+3}{(x-2)^2}$ $\frac{x+3}{(x-2)^2} = 0 \quad x = -3$
 (a) f' undef. $x = 2$



$f'(-4) = \frac{-1}{(-6)^2} < 0$ $f'(0) = \frac{3}{(+)} > 0$ $f'(3) = \frac{6}{(+)} > 0$

f decreasing on ~~$(-\infty, -3)$~~ $(-\infty, -3)$
 increasing on $(-3, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$

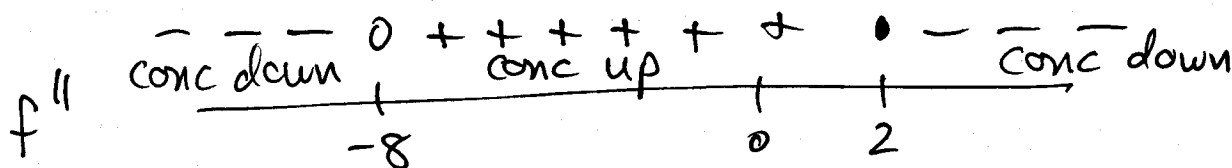
(b) Relative minimum at $x = -3$

(c) $f''(x) = \frac{(x-2)^2(1) - (x+3)(2(x-2))}{(x-2)^4}$

$= \frac{\cancel{(x-2)} [(x-2) - (2x+6)]}{(x-2)^{\cancel{4}3}}$

$= \frac{-x-8}{(x-2)^3} = -\frac{(x+8)}{(x-2)^3}$

$\frac{x+8}{(x-2)^3} = 0 \quad x = -8$ f'' undefined at $x = 2$



$f''(-9) = -\left(\frac{-1}{(-11)^3}\right) < 0$ $f''(0) = -\frac{8}{(-2)^3} > 0$

$f''(3) = -\left(\frac{11}{(1)^3}\right) < 0$

(d) inflection point at $x = -8$

Might have inflection point
at $x = 2$

Can say: concavity changes
at $x = 2$

