## Math 686: Chapter 3b Homework – Spring 2020 Due: Tuesday, February 18, 2020

1. Exercise 3.4 in the textbook.

2. Consider y' = f(t, y) where

$$f(t,y) = -(1+y^4)y + g(t), \quad y(0) = 1, \quad 0 \le t \le 1,$$

where

$$g(t) = e^{-t} \left[ -10\sin(10t) + e^{-4t}(\cos(10t))^5 \right].$$

This equation has exact solution  $y_{exact}(t) = e^{-t} \cos(10t)$ .

Explore numerically using Matlab a suite of 2-state Explicit Runge-Kutta Methods of the form

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + h [w_1 f(t_n, y_n) + w_2 f(t_n + \tau_2 h, \xi_2)], \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots,$$

where

$$\xi_2 = y_n + ha_{21}f(t_n, y_n),$$

and  $w_2 = 1 - w_1$ ,  $\tau_2 = 1/(2w_2)$  and  $a_{21} = \tau_2$  and where  $w_1$  is varied on the interval [0, 1/2].

Make a table of the infinity norm of the error, that is,  $||y - y_{exact}||_{\infty}$ , for three values  $w_1 = 0$ ,  $w_1 = 1/4$  and  $w_1 = 1/2$  for N = 5, 10, 20, 40, 80, 160, 320, 640, 1280 where the step size h = 1/N. You do not need to turn in any plots for this case — just your code and table.

Additionally, for the case N = 80 make a plot of the error  $||y - y_{exact}||_{\infty}$  as a function of  $w_1$  for  $w_1 \in [0, 1/2]$  with enough resolution (i.e. enough values of  $w_1$ ) for a smooth curve. What is your estimate for the best value of  $w_1$  to minimize the error? Test out another ODE with a different exact solution to test the hypothesis that the best  $w_1$  is problem dependent. You don't need to report a detailed error analysis here but make a comment about the new optimal  $w_1$ .