

January 2018

Department of Mathematical Sciences
George Mason University

Ordinary Differential Equations - Preliminary Exam

Closed books, closed notes. Show work for full credit. No calculators are allowed.

- Let $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ denote an arbitrary matrix, and suppose that $E \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ is a linear subspace of \mathbb{R}^n which is invariant under A , i.e., for every vector $y \in E$ we have $Ay \in E$.
 - Show that if $x_0 \in E$, then the solution $x(t)$ of the linear differential equation $\dot{x} = Ax$ subject to the initial condition $x(0) = x_0$ stays in E for all $t \in \mathbb{R}$.
 - Illustrate the statement of (a) for the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Which subspaces of \mathbb{R}^2 are invariant, and how can you solve the linear system $\dot{x} = Ax$ in these subspaces?

- Answer the following questions.
 - State the existence and uniqueness theorem for ordinary differential equations.
 - Give an example of a first order initial value problem that has more than one solution. Justify your answer.
 - Is there a continuously differentiable function $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ such that $\phi(t) = (\cos t, \sin 2t)$ solves the differential equation $\dot{x} = f(x)$? Justify your answer.
- Consider the autonomous system

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{x} &= -y - \alpha^2 xy^2 \\ \dot{y} &= x^3, \end{aligned}$$

where α is a real parameter.

- For which values of α is this system Hamiltonian? For each case, find the Hamiltonian and sketch the phase portrait.
 - For each value of α , find all equilibrium solutions of the above system. Can the principle of linearized stability be used to determine their stability?
 - Show that for all $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$ the origin is a stable equilibrium. (Hint: Can you use the Hamiltonian function(s) from (a)?)
- For the autonomous system in polar coordinates given by

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{r} &= r - r^2 \\ \dot{\theta} &= \sin^2 \theta \end{aligned}$$

answer the following questions.

- Find all equilibrium solutions of the system and determine their stability.
- For every initial condition $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}^2$, describe the ω -limit set of the orbit starting at x_0 .
- Show that the unit circle centered at the origin is an attracting set. Is it an attractor?